



The Right Measure, in the Right Place

Supported by



An increased level of ambition



Integrated Catchment Management



Multiple benefits for our water, biodiversity and climate

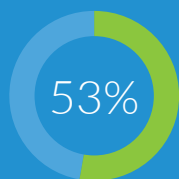


Collaboration between stakeholder and clear roles for implementation

Total Number of Water Bodies: 4,842

Status of our Waters

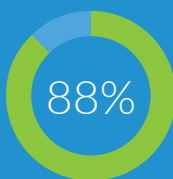
(% in Good Status or Better)



Rivers



Lakes



Canals



Coastal and Transitional Waters



Groundwater

People, nature, and our economy all rely on clean rivers and lakes, groundwater and coastal waters.

Characterisation of water bodies



1,603

'At Risk' - restoration measures required to ensure they achieve WFD objectives



1,256

Currently in 'Review' and require ongoing protection and further assessment



1,983

'Not at Risk' - require measures to protect from deteriorating

Changes in the Significant Pressures Impacting our Waters

(Total number of water bodies impacted in brackets)



- Agricultural pressures has increased by 223 (1,000)
- Hydromorphological pressures (physical alterations) has increased by 100 (442)
- Pressures from Forestry have decreased by 5 (233)
- Pressures from Urban Waste Water have decreased by 83 (208)
- Urban Surface Water Run-off pressures have increased by 60 (196)
- Pressures from Peat and Industry have decreased by 20 (195)
- Pressures from Domestic Waste Water Treatment Systems have increased by 23 (188)

Key Measures required to



- Reduce the loss of fertilisers and soil from farmland into water
- Reduce the physical impacts on water bodies – caused by the drainage of lands and rivers and the presence of barriers (weirs, dams, etc.)
- Ensure continued investment in urban and rural water services
- Protect water bodies from future deterioration