## **Screening for Appropriate Assessment**

## Screening matrix

Format from: European Commission. 2002. Assessment of plans and projects significantly affecting Natura 2000 sites: Methodological guidance on the provisions of Article 6(3) and (4) of the Habitats Directive 92/43/EEC. Office for Official Publications of the European Communities, Luxembourg. (Annex 2 p67 -68)

Part 1. Screening matrix Brief description of the project or	Land reclamation works, including land drainage, levelling of
plan	two soil berms, ploughing/re-seeding, and the removal of vegetation within a flood plain at
Brief description of the Natura 2000 site	River Barrow and River Nore Special Area of Conservation (SAC Site code: 002162)
	The lands concerned are also within 15km of the following designated sites;
	Slieve Blooms SPA (0004160)
	This site is not sufficiently close, and no pathway has been identified, for potential effect by the activity. Other designated sites are ruled out of consideration for the remainder of the assessment due to the localised nature of
Assessment criteria	the impacts.  Land reclamation to be achieved by land drainage, levelling,
Describe the individual elements	and clearing of scrub, in addition to ploughing and reseeding
of the project (either alone or in	an area of 1.01 Hectares. Some works have been carried out
combination with other plans or	to date, permission is sought for the remaining works but the
projects) likely to give rise to	whole project is considered in this assessment.
impacts on the Natura 2000 site.	
Describe any likely direct, indirect	Size and scale, duration, land take:
or secondary impacts of the	The proposal affects approx. 1.01ha of riparian grassland
project (either alone or in	within a floodplain of the River Barrow and proposes to:
combination with other plans or	- improve drainage
projects) on the Natura 2000 site	- clear scrub
by virtue of:	- level two earth mounds measuring approximately 75m <sup>2</sup>
size and scale; land-take;	situated immediately adjacent to the river - plough and re-seed the grassland
distance from the Natura 2000	All of the above activities are likely to involve disturbing soil,
site or key features of the site;	with potential consequences for river water quality due to
resource requirements (water	siltation. Re-seeding may imply an intensification of land use
abstraction etc.);	with associated increased input of nutrients. Alterations to
emissions (disposal to land,	land drainage may also have water quality implications. Whi
water or air);	works are likely to be short-term in duration, they imply a
excavation requirements;	long-term change in land use, i.e. agricultural intensification
transportation requirements;	
duration of construction,	
operation, decommissioning, etc.;	

other. Distance from Natura sites The proposal is within River Barrow and River Nore Special Area of Conservation (SAC Site code: 002162). Resource, excavation and transport requirements Excavated soil from levelled mounds will presumably be redistributed within the 1.01 Hectares. Emissions Disposal of removed scrub (off-site). Potential for increase in sediments and nutrient run-off entering the river. In combination There are known to be large scale unauthorized reclamation works undertaken within the vicinity, with potential consequences for total load of soil/nutrients entering the river at this location. There are also projects and activities including forestry, construction and other works, throughout the local and wider catchment which may result in silt discharges to waters. These are not itemised in detail in this screening. The proposed activity is likely to have negative implications for Describe any likely changes to the river water quality during the course of the works being site arising as a result of: undertaken, as a result of quantities of soil being mobilised. reduction of habitat area: disturbance to key species; There may be additional implications for water quality habitat or species resulting from the change in land-use, i.e. increased nutrient input and altered drainage patterns. There may also be fragmentation; impacts through loss of flood plain connectivity and through reduction in species density; changes in key indicators of change to hydrological flow patterns. conservation value (water quality Qualifying Interest species for the SAC likely to be influenced etc.); climate change. by this proposal - See Appendix I Existing habitat - rough grassland/scrub, i.e. no likely direct loss of QI habitats resulting from the proposal. Describe any likely impacts on the None identified Natura 2000 site as a whole in terms of: interference with the key relationships that define the structure of the site; interference with key relationships that define the function of the site. Provide indicators of significance Water quality change and potential negative consequences as a result of the identification of for QI species (e.g. increased water turbidity) effects set out above in terms of: EPA monitoring indicates that the river between Portarlington and Kilnahown Bridge downstream currently loss; has a good water quality status (Q Value Score = 4, Q Value fragmentation; disruption; Status = Good). disturbance; Potential loss of floodplain connectivity

change to key elements of the site (e.g. water quality etc.).  Describe from the above those elements of the project or plan, or combination of elements, where the above impacts are likely to be significant or where the scale or magnitude of impacts is not known.	Elements of project which may impact the SAC include redistribution of soil from berms, ploughing /re-seeding, increased land drainage and increased volumes of nutrient input to re-seeded grasslands.  The exact scale of impacts is unknown but discharges of silt and nutrient run-off to water are likely to be significant, in combination with other discharges locally and in the wider
	catchment. Loss of flood plain connectivity and changes to hydrological flow through drainage may also have significant effects alone or in combination.  Likely significant effects cannot be ruled out in relation to "floating river vegetation", white-clawed crayfish, sea lamprey, brook lamprey, river lamprey, salmon, twaite shad, otter: the project screens in for Appropriate Assessment
Part 2: Summary of finding of likely significant effects	
Name of project or plan	Reclamation works at
Name and location of Natura	River Barrow and River Nore SAC
2000 site	
Description of the project or plan	Works to continue reclamation of riverside agricultural land
Is the project or plan directly	No
connected with or necessary to	
the management of the site	
(provide details)?  Are there other projects or plans	Yes, other non-permitted reclamation works in nearby lands
that together with the project or	in Cooltederry and general works and activities affecting
plan being assessed could affect	water quality and hydrology in the wider catchment.
the site (provide details)?	
The assessment of significance of	
effects	Likely significant effects through discharges to water, loss of
Describe how the project or plan	connectivity to flood plain, changes to hydrology
(alone or in combination)is likely to affect the Natura 2000 site.	
List of agencies consulted:	None
provide contact name and	
telephone or e-mail address.	
Response to consultation.	None
Data collected to carry out the	Initial draft: Sarah Stapleton, Ranger. 21/12/20
assessment;	Re-draft and AA screening decision: Ciara O Mahony,
Who carried out the	Regional Manager. 11/1/21
assessment	
Sources of data	
Where can the full results     of the assessment be	
of the assessment be accessed and viewed	
accessed and viewed	



Appendix I

Qualifying Interests of the site for further assessment and consideration of impacts

Qualifying Interests of River Barrow and River Nore	Potential for impact
Special Area of Conservation (SAC Site code: 002162)	
Estuaries [1130]	No impact
Mudflats and sandflats not covered by seawater at low tide [1140]	No impact
Reefs [1170]	No impact
Salicornia and other annuals colonising mud and sand [1310]	No impact
Atlantic salt meadows (Glauco-Puccinellietalia maritimae) [1330]	No impact
Mediterranean salt meadows (Juncetalia maritimi) [1410]	No impact
Water courses of plain to montane levels with the Ranunculion fluitantis and Callitricho-Batrachion vegetation [3260] ("floating river vegetation")	Distribution locally not known. Potential impact due to increased siltation /nutrient loading, within the water body, loss of connectivity to flood plain, changes to hydrology
European dry heaths [4030]	No impact
Hydrophilous tall herb fringe communities of plains and of the montane to alpine levels [6430]	No impact
Petrifying springs with tufa formation (Cratoneurion) [7220]	No impact
Old sessile oak woods with Ilex and Blechnum in the British Isles [91A0]	No impact
Alluvial forests with Alnus glutinosa and Fraxinus excelsior (Alno-Padion, Alnion incanae, Salicion albae) [91E0]	No impact
Vertigo moulinsiana (Desmoulin's Whorl Snail) [1016]	No impact
Margaritifera margaritifera (Freshwater Pearl Mussel) [1029]	No impact
Austropotamobius pallipes (White-clawed Crayfish) [1092]	Potential impact due to impacts on hydrology and water quality
Petromyzon marinus (Sea Lamprey) [1095]	No impact
Lampetra planeri (Brook Lamprey) [1096]	Potential impact due to impacts on hydrology and water quality
Lampetra fluviatilis (River Lamprey) [1099]	Potential impact due to impacts on hydrology and water quality
Alosa fallax fallax (Twaite Shad) [1103]	No impact

Salmo salar (Salmon) [1106]	Potential impact due to impacts on
	hydrology and water quality
Lutra lutra (Otter) [1355]	Potential impact on food availability
	arising from deterioration in water
	quality/changes to hydrology
Trichomanes speciosum (Killarney Fern) [1421]	No impact
Margaritifera durrovensis (Nore Pearl Mussel) [1990]	No impact

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